

TERTIARY & SECONDARY SOURCES

Tertiary and secondary sources help with historical research. Here are some ways they can help: Remember to think carefully about the sources you use. Check to see if they are trustworthy and if they have good information for your research.

Background information: Look in encyclopedias or textbooks to learn basic facts about your topic.

Keywords: Tertiary sources help you find important words related to your topic. You can use these words to search for more information.

Literature reviews: Some sources summarize what other experts have researched. This can help you find more sources to read.

Citations and bibliographies: Look at the lists of sources in books and articles. They can lead you to more good sources.

Identifying experts: Some sources tell you who the experts are in a certain field. You can read more of their work or even talk to them.

Multiple Perspectives: Read different sources to see what different people think about the topic. This helps you understand it better.

Historical context: Tertiary and secondary sources tell you about the time and place when things happened. This helps you understand why things happened the way they did.

Analysis and interpretation: Some sources explain what primary sources mean. They help you understand the important parts and what they show.

